# POLAR

BY RAFAEL LOZANO-HEMMER



Version: 2025-02-10

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

| GENERAL IMPORTANT INFORMATION       | 2  |
|-------------------------------------|----|
| Technique                           | 3  |
| Description                         | 3  |
| Operation                           | 3  |
| General Artwork Behaviors           | 4  |
| Interacting with the Artwork        | 4  |
| Maintenance                         | 4  |
| Placement Instructions              | 5  |
| DETAILED TECHNICAL INFORMATION      | 6  |
| Normal Software Operation           | 7  |
| Manual Software Calibration         | 8  |
| General                             | 9  |
| Flow                                | 10 |
| Debug                               | 11 |
| Camera                              | 12 |
| Remote Access to Artwork's Computer | 13 |
| Preliminary Troubleshooting Steps   | 14 |
| Troubleshooting Assistance          | 15 |
| Support (Contact Us)                | 16 |
| APPENDIX I - INSTALLATION           | 17 |
| Description of Components           | 18 |
| Wiring Diagrams and Connections     | 19 |
| APPENDIX II - TECHNICAL DATA SHEETS | 20 |
| Circular Display                    | 21 |
| Camera                              | 22 |
| Camera Lens                         | 23 |
| Fan                                 | 24 |
| AC Relay                            | 25 |

## **GENERAL IMPORTANT INFORMATION**

This short section must be read for proper operation.

## POLAR (2018)

#### BY RAFAEL LOZANO-HEMMER

### Technique

Custom-circular display, computer, camera, custom software.

### Description

"Polar" is a circular display that converts a camera's cartesian grid of photo sensors (XY) into a representation in polar coordinates (an angle and a distance). The piece has a radar-like rotation mapped to the baseline of the live camera to add an element of time, emphasized by a quiet ticking sound. The polar distortion produces an anamorphic representation of people in front of the work, with all of them sharing the same origin, like the arms of a clock.

### Operation

Please refer to <u>Appendix I - Installation</u> for detailed system information and wiring diagram.

- 1. Connect the piece to power. The computer, which is integrated into the display, has a small rubber knob where the ON/OFF button is located. This button is situated behind the display, on the right side, near the camera.
- 2. Once you have turned the computer **ON**, the piece should start automatically after about three minutes.
- 3. To turn the piece **OFF**, press the same rubber button situated on the computer, and hold for five seconds.
- 4. Make sure to wait until the display and the computer have finished their shutdown routine, and have cooled down, before turning the piece on again. At minimum this should be 10 minutes.

#### **General Artwork Behaviors**

The piece has a radar-like rotation mapped to the baseline of the live camera to add an element of time, emphasized by a quiet ticking sound.

#### Interacting with the Artwork

When present in front of the artwork, people trigger the artwork's detection system and the system constantly zooms in and out of detected targets within the camera feed.

#### Maintenance

The screen has a glossy acrylic finish, so you may use a small amount of product such as Windex if ever it gets very dirty with smudges or fingerprints. However, it is preferable to use a static-free lint cloth (common computer cleaning cloths), to reduce static and to minimize the risk of creating reflective blotches.

The metal outer casing can be cleaned with a regular all-purpose cleaner. Do not use harsh cleaners or rough sponges. Remove dust using a feather duster, such as those produced by Swiffer.

We recommend cleaning the piece at least every two months.

#### **Placement Instructions**

The screen's center should be positioned at 1.5 meters from the ground, which means that the bracket holes should be anchored to the wall at 1.7 meters from the ground (the bracket is offset from the display's center by 20 cm.)

Please note the reflective nature of the front of the display. Please do not position next to a mural light source (such as a sconce) that could reduce the visibility of the artwork. The image below may be used as a reference.



## **DETAILED TECHNICAL INFORMATION**

### Normal Software Operation

The custom software runs on **OpenFrameworks 0.10**. This software should start-up automatically when you turn on the computer.

Pressing key **g** will make the GUI appear. To quit press key **q**.

There are three other GUI sections visible when **g** is pressed are.

- General
- Flow
- Debug

There is another GUI section, camera controls, which can be accessed by pressing **c**.

Each of these separate GUI's will have their variables explained in detail in individual sections following this one.

#### Manual Software Calibration

Using the wireless keyboard provided, adjust the image to the center using the key commands listed below. The mouse should appear with the GUI, but be careful not to lose it. If lost, lead the mouse towards the upper left side of your mousepad. If the piece is running and the background is either mostly gray or blue that means the piece is currently not centered.

Important Note: Usually, the circular display's playback default is a 256 x 256 window from the left side of the screen. If you are having a hard time finding the cursor, try moving it towards the left.

To position the window with the center of the screen, use

- key w: UP
- key s: DOWN
- key **a**: LEFT
- key d: RIGHT

An image of this section of the GUI can be seen below.



### General

The table below shows the values for each GUI variable.

| general f      | low    | debug  |   |
|----------------|--------|--------|---|
| rotate90       |        | 2      |   |
| rotateSpeed    | θ.     | 533679 |   |
| offset_x       |        | 1      |   |
| offset_y       |        | 512    |   |
| blur amount    |        | 60     |   |
| black masking  | size1. | 927080 |   |
| black Offset ) | (      | θ      |   |
| black Offset Y | 1      | θ      |   |
| radar alpha    | 101.   | 452003 | 6 |

Screenshot of the General GUI Tab

| Setting            | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| rotate90           | Rotate the incoming image from the camera by 90 degrees.               |
| rotateSpeed        | The speed in which the piece rotates at.                               |
| offset_y           | Where the piece sits within the screen along the Y access.             |
| offset_x           | Where the piece sits within the screen along the X access.             |
| Blur amount        | The amount of blur being applied to the image.                         |
| Black masking size | A black mask sits around the piece to create a smooth looking edge.    |
| Black offset X     | The offset of the black mask along the x access.                       |
| Black offset Y     | The offset of the black mask along the y access.                       |
| Radar Alpha        | The opacity of a sweeping radar image that sits above the polar image. |

Flow

The table below shows the values for each GUI variable.

| flow      | debug   |
|-----------|---|
| icalFlow  |   |
| itivity:  | 0.280374  |
| e in inte | rest0.700000  |
| min       | 165   |
| max       | 257   |
| d         | 2.336450  |
|           | flow<br>icalFlow<br>itivity:<br>e in inter<br>min<br>max<br>d |

Screenshot of the Flow GUI Tab

| Setting                | Description   |
|------------------------|---|
| Use Optical<br>Flow    | If selected, the piece will zoom in and out to the area of most interest.   |
| Flow Sensitivity       | Determines what information the point of interest/algorithm<br>accepts or ignores. A lower value allows for more sensitivity,<br>meaning an easier possibility to select a new location for<br>zooming. |
| Confidence in interest | How confident the algorithm is in the next point of interest for applying the zooming in/out effect.  |
| Zoom size<br>min       | The minimum size of image the piece can select as a zoom target (ex. A 165x165 image). This image is chosen as a subsection of the larger incoming camera feed image.                                   |
| Zoom size<br>max       | The maximum size of image the piece can select as a zoom target (ex. A 257x257 image). This image is chosen as a subsection of the larger incoming camera feed image.                                   |
| Zoom Speed             | The speed in which the zooming in/out of frame happens. A low number is faster.   |
| Use Optical<br>Flow    | If selected, the piece will zoom in and out to the area of most interest.   |

### Debug

The table below shows the values for each GUI variable.



Screenshot of the Debug GUI Tab

| Setting            | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| Show Polar Source  | Shows three images as a debugging tool. One is the initial camera feed showing the current point of interest, another is the feed with the zooming in and out applied, and the final image has the polar conversion and the blur effect applied.   |
| Debug in 1 monitor | If just using the circular display as the monitor, select Debug in 1<br>monitor. When Show Polar Source is also selected it will show<br>the various debug images within the frame of the circular<br>display. Image views can then be changed with using the left<br>and right arrow keys. When unselected, it will appear outside of<br>the circular display at a larger size. |
| Sound on Quarter   | Plays the ticking sound effect at every quarter.   |
| Sound on Noon      | Where the piece sits within the screen along the X access.   |
| Black offset Y     | The offset of the black mask along the y access.   |
| Radar Alpha        | Plays the ticking sound effect only when the radial image is at noon.  |

### Camera

The table below shows the values for each GUI variable.

| camera      |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| volume      | 0.440000    |
| auto exp    | osure       |
| exposure    | 0.900000    |
| auto foc    | us          |
| fous        | 0.223000    |
| auto whi    | te balance  |
| white balan | ce 0.845000 |
| gain        | 0.060000    |
| brightness  | 0.500000    |
| contrast    | 0.120000    |
| saturation  | 0.245000    |
| sharpness   | 0.60000     |

Screenshot of the Debug GUI Tab

| Setting            | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| Volume             | Volume of the ticking sound effect.  |
| Auto Exposure      | When selected, the camera uses its own auto exposure feature.                        |
| Exposure           | With auto exposure unselected, the exposure value can be manually changed.           |
| Auto Focus         | When selected, the camera uses its own auto focus feature.                           |
| Focus              | With the auto focus unselected, the focus value can be manually changed.             |
| Auto White Balance | When selected, the camera uses its own auto white balance feature.                   |
| White Balance      | With auto white balance unselected, the white balance value can be manually changed. |
| Gain               | Camera's gain value.   |
| Brightness         | Camera's brightness value.   |
| Contrast           | Camera's contrast value.   |
| Saturation         | Camera's saturation value.   |
| Sharpness          | Camera's sharpness value.  |

#### **Remote Access to Artwork's Computer**

There is a software installed on the computer running this artwork that allows the studio to connect remotely to the artwork. This feature is helpful when you require assistance from the studio, as we can remotely connect to it, do a quick inspection, and do a debugging session of your components, if needed. In order to enable this feature, the computer has to be connected to the internet at all times. Depending on the computer's operating system (Windows 8/10/11, OSX), the procedure to set the computer online will vary. Please look online for tutorials, if necessary.

### Preliminary Troubleshooting Steps

#### After pressing the button, nothing seems to happen.

Do you hear any fan-like noise coming from the circular display? If so, the computer is running and the circular display should show the piece shortly. If not, check that the display is powered.

#### The piece does not react and the image is frozen.

Ensure that the computer is connected to the display. If the image is frozen, it might be because the connection has been disrupted. Restarting the piece may help with this issue.

#### The piece is on but the screen is black.

The image may be offscreen for whatever reason. Bringing the cursor to the center of the display, then click while pressing the CTRL key to reposition the window. For finer adjustments use the W,A,S,D keys. Where "W" is UP, "A" is LEFT, "S" is DOWN, and "D" is right.

### **Troubleshooting Assistance**

Prior to contacting the Antimodular Studio with a problem about your artwork, please ensure that you went through the preliminary troubleshooting steps outlined in the previous section.

The troubleshooting process will vary depending on the problem. In order to make the process easier, it is recommended that you collect and send the following information to the studio:

- Date and time when the problem first happened;
- Description of the problem;
- Actions taken so far and conclusions;
- Detailed photographs (or videos) displaying the problem;
- Detailed photographs (or videos) of the suspected faulty component;
- Detailed photographs (or videos) of the whole artwork and its surroundings;
- Personnel involved.

## Support (Contact Us)

If you would like support for the piece, please feel free to call Lozano-Hemmer's studio in Canada:

Antimodular Research 4462 rue Saint-Denis Montréal, Québec, Canada H2J 2L1 Tel 1-514-597-0917 info@antimodular.com www.antimodular.com **APPENDIX I - INSTALLATION** 

## **Description of Components**

| Component               | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Custom Circular Display | A 256x256 resolution circular display                                      |
| Video Cable             | Connects the computer to the custom display.                               |
| Computer                | 2018 i7 mac mini   |
| Data Cable              | Connects the camera to the computer. Typically a USB A to micro USB cable. |
| Camera                  | USB Camera   |
| Camera Lens             | Used by the camera to obtain the best field of view for this artwork.      |

This artwork requires the following components:

## Wiring Diagrams and Connections

In order for the piece to run properly, the computer should be connected according to the following diagrams.



The actual assembly of the artwork would look like on the following image.



## **APPENDIX II - TECHNICAL DATA SHEETS**

## **Circular Display**



| Specification   | Details               |
|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Manufacturer    | Charming LED          |
| Model Number    | COL.PA.194.0002       |
| Dimension       | 533 x 583 (mm)        |
| LED Standard    | SMD1010               |
| Resolution      | 256x256               |
| Refresh Rate    | 2840Hz                |
| Working Voltage | AC 220V/(110V) +- 15% |
| Viewing Angle   | H/120 V/140           |

### Camera





| Specification | Details   |
|---------------|---|
| Manufacturer  | Kurokesu  |
| Model Number  | C920_REWORK_KIT2: includes a Logitech C920 Camera logic board |
| Resolution    | 1920 x 1080   |
| Form Factor   | Kurokesu enclosure case with ¼-20 female thread               |

### Camera Lens

Computar CS-Mount 1.8-3.6mm Varifocal Lens





| Specification       | Details        |
|---------------------|----------------|
| Manufacturer        | Noctura        |
| Model Number        | NF-A8 5V       |
| Size                | 80x80x25 (mm)  |
| Operating Voltage   | 5v             |
| Rotational Speed    | 2200 RPM       |
| Mounting Hole Space | 71.5x71.5 (mm) |

## AC Relay

Used to supply power to the piece.



| Specification       | Details                                  |
|---------------------|--|
| Manufacturer        | Omron Automation and Safety              |
| Manufacturer Number | G3NA-225B-UTU DC5-24                     |
| Load Voltage Rating | 24 VAC to 240 VAC                        |
| Load Current Rating | 25 A                                     |
| Dimensions          | Length 58 mm x Width 4 mm x Height 30 mm |